

Current affairs summary for prelims

18 December, 2023

Bone Marrow Transplant

Context: In a groundbreaking first, Army Hospital (R&R) successfully performed a life-saving Bone Marrow Transplant for a 7-year-old with a rare immunodeficiency disorder.

> Definition of Bone Marrow Transplant:

- A medical procedure that replaces bone marrow with healthy cells, either from the patient's own body or a donor.
- Also known as a stem cell or hematopoietic stem cell transplant.
- Primarily used to treat cancers such as leukemia, myeloma, and lymphoma, along with other blood and immune system disorders.

Stem Cells and Bone Marrow:

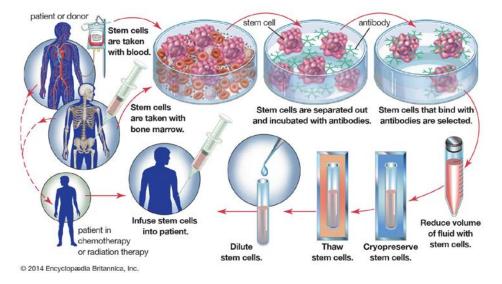
- Stem cells are specialized cells with the ability to replicate and transform into various types of cells required by the body.
- Different types of stem cells are found in various parts of the body at different times.
- Hematopoietic stem cells, crucial for blood cell production, are located in bone marrow and circulating in the bloodstream.

Significance of Hematopoietic Stem Cells:

- Cancer and its treatments can damage hematopoietic stem cells, impacting the production of red and white blood cells and platelets.
- Red blood cells carry oxygen, white blood cells are part of the immune system, and platelets aid in clotting.

Bone Marrow/Stem Cell Transplant Procedure:

- The procedure aims to restore the body's ability to produce essential blood cells and combat infections.
- Two main types of transplants: Autologous (using the patient's own cells) and Allogenic (using donor cells).



Types of Transplants:

Autologous Transplant:

- Involves using the patient's own stem cells, collected before intensive cancer treatment.
- After treatment, the stem cells are returned to restore the immune system and blood cell production.

Allogenic Transplant:

- Utilizes stem cells from a donor after the patient undergoes chemotherapy or radiation.
- The success of the transplant often relies on finding a suitable donor match, including siblings, family, or unrelated volunteers.

· Other Options:

- Umbilical cord blood transplant: Uses stem cells from umbilical cord blood.
- Parent-child transplant and haplotype mismatched transplant: Involve a 50% match from family members.







Current affairs summary for prelims

18 December, 2023

Graft-Versus-Cancer Effect: Common in Allogenic Transplants, where the new stem cells recognize and eliminate remaining cancer cells.

Finding a Donor Match:

- Donor matching is based on human leukocyte antigens (HLA), crucial for reducing the risk of graft-versus-host disease (GVHD).
- Siblings are often preferred donors, but unrelated donors or cord blood can also be suitable.

Procedure Steps:

- The initial placement of a catheter for administering treatments.
- For Autologous Transplants:
 - Collection of stem cells.
 - Pre-transplant treatment with chemotherapy or radiation.
 - Infusion of stem cells.
 - Recovery with close monitoring.

For Allogenic Transplants:

- Identification of a compatible donor and HLA typing.
- Collection of stem cells from the donor.
- Pre-transplant treatment with chemotherapy.
- Infusion of donor cells.
- Recovery with antibiotic treatment and GVHD prevention.

Recovery and Monitoring:

- Rigorous monitoring of cell recovery, growth, and potential side effects.
- Administration of antibiotics to reduce the risk of infection.
- Ongoing care to address and manage side effects and complications.

Complexity and Personalization:

- Transplants are complex medical procedures, and specific steps may be adjusted based on individual cases.
- Patients may require hospital stays for various steps, and the duration can vary.
- Regular communication with healthcare teams is essential for understanding and managing expectations.

Logistics Ease Across Different State (LEADS) 2023

Context: Sh. Piyush Goyal, the Union Minister of Commerce & Industry, Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution, and Textiles, unveiled the "Logistics Ease Across Different State (LEADS) 2023" report.

- A comprehensive report guiding States and UTs for revolutionary reforms in the logistics sector.
- **Purpose and Importance:**
 - Aims to provide strategic insights for stakeholders in the logistics sector.
 - Encourages healthy competition among States/UTs to enhance logistics performance.
 - Alians with the vision of Viksit Bharat.

Notable Initiatives and Vision:

- Stresses the significance of key initiatives like PM GatiShakti, granting 'industry' status to logistics, and promoting digital initiatives.
- Emphasizes the role of logistics in India's growth vision, aiming for a tenfold increase from USD 3.5 trillion to USD 35 trillion by 2047.

Performance Highlights:

- Based on a pan-India primary survey conducted between May and July 2023.
- Covers over 7,300 responses across 36 States/UTs.
- Highlights achievements, fast movers, and aspirers in different groups (Coastal, Landlocked, North-East, Union Territories).

Evolution and Objectivity:

- Conceived in 2018, LEADS evolved to incorporate both perception and objectivity in its evaluation.
- Differs from the Logistics Performance Index by considering a wider spectrum of state initiatives.

Positive Shift in States' Performance:

- LEADS 2023 signals a positive shift in States' performance across key pillars: Logistics Infrastructure, Logistics Services, and Operating and Regulatory Environment.
- Provides region-specific insights for informed decision-making and comprehensive growth.
- Performance Highlights from LEADS 2023:
 - **Coastal Group:**
 - Achievers: Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu.









Current affairs summary for prelims

18 December, 2023

- Fast Movers: Kerala, Maharashtra.
- Aspirers: Goa, Odisha, West Bengal.
- Landlocked Group:
 - Achievers: Haryana, Punjab, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh.
 - Fast Movers: Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand.
 - Aspirers: Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand.
- North-East Group:
 - Achievers: Assam, Sikkim, Tripura.
 - Fast Movers: Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland.
 - Aspirers: Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram.
- Union Territories:
 - Achievers: Chandigarh, Delhi.
 - Fast Movers: Andaman & Nicobar, Lakshadweep, Puducherry.
 - Aspirers: Daman & Diu/Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh.

Collaborative Development:

- Developed collaboratively, LEADS 2023 brings objectivity to the assessment of infrastructure development and process-related reforms.
- 23 States/UTs aligned their State Logistics Policies with the National Logistics Policy.

Casgevy, Thalassemia and Genetic Editing

Context: CRISPR-based therapies for sickle-cell disease and β-thalassaemia have received regulatory approval in both the U.K. and the U.S., marking a significant milestone for these highly anticipated treatments.

> This development signifies a groundbreaking era with the potential to transform the lives of millions facing inherited blood disorders.

Prevalence of Thalassemia and Sickle-Cell Anaemia:

- Thalassemia affects over a million people globally, and approximately 100,000 individuals depend on regular blood transfusions.
- An estimated 20 million people worldwide are suffering from sickle-cell anaemia.

CRISPR Discovery Timeline:

- The CRISPR system, discovered over almost three decades of academic pursuit, identified clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats (CRISPR) in 1993.
- CRISPR + Cas proteins were recognized as an antiviral defense system in 2005, leading to groundbreaking work by Emmanuelle Charpentier and Jennifer Doudna, who were awarded the 2020 Nobel Prize in chemistry.

Applications and Innovations:

- The CRISPR-Cas9 system serves as a programmable 'molecular scissor' for precise DNA editing.
- Teams led by Feng Zhang and George Church demonstrated CRISPR-Cas9's use in editing eukaryotic organisms, spurring applications in genetic therapies and agricultural advancements.

CRISPR in Medicine - Casgevy Approval:

- The U.K.'s Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) approved the CRISPR-based method "exagamglogene autotemcel" (Casgevy).
- The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) also approved Casgevy for treating sickle-cell disease, marking it as one of the first CRISPR-based therapeutics approved by major drug regulators.
- Casgevy involves modifying a patient's blood stem cells to produce normal red blood cells.

> Evolution of CRISPR Technologies:

- Ongoing advancements include base-editing, prime editing, and the modification of epigenetic effects.
- First-generation CRISPR-based therapies pave the way for more efficacious and efficient technologies.

Thalassemia:

- Thalassemia is an inherited blood disorder characterized by insufficient hemoglobin production, a vital component of red blood cells.
- Inadequate hemoglobin leads to impaired red blood cell function and a shortened lifespan, resulting in reduced oxygen delivery to body cells.









Current affairs summary for prelims

18 December, 2023

Impact on Health:

- The lack of healthy red blood cells in thalassemia can manifest as fatigue, weakness, and shortness of breath, collectively termed anemia.
- Severe anemia poses the risk of organ damage and potential fatality.

Classification of Thalassemia:

- Thalassemia is classified into trait, minor, intermedia, and major categories based on its severity.
- Thalassemia trait may exhibit mild or no symptoms, requiring no specific treatment.
- Thalassemia major represents the most severe form, necessitating regular and comprehensive treatment.

Types of Thalassemia:

Alpha Thalassemia:

- Defects in alpha globin protein chains determine the type.
- One defective gene results in asymptomatic alpha thalassemia minima.
- Two defective genes may cause mild symptoms, known as alpha thalassemia minor.
- Three defective genes lead to moderate to severe symptoms, termed Hemoglobin H disease.
- Four defective genes often result in fatality or require lifelong blood transfusions, referred to as hydrops fetalis with Hemoglobin Barts.

Beta Thalassemia:

- Defects in beta-globin genes dictate the type.
- One defective gene results in mild symptoms, known as beta thalassemia minor.
- Two defective genes cause moderate to severe symptoms, presenting as thalassemia intermedia or beta thalassemia major/Cooley's anemia.

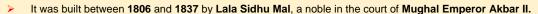
News in Between the Lines

Recently, the Yogmaya Temple in Mehrauli, once believed to date back to the Mahabharata era, has undergone a transformation from a Mughal-sponsored structure to a modern concrete building.

About Yogmata Temple:



to the Mahabharata era, monument in Mehrauli.



- This temple held cultural significance, fostering **Hindu-Muslim unity** through traditions like **Phool Walon ki Sair**.
- Literary sources like the **Bhagawat** and historical texts allude to the temple's connection to the Mahabharata era, with tales of **Yudhishtir and Lord Krishna** associated with its creation.
- Accounts by historians like Thomas **Metcalfe in the 19th century** mention the construction of the Yogmaya shrine during Akbar II's reign, adding to its historical documentation.

Recently, the Tibetan spiritual leader the 14th Dalai Lama delivered a two-hour-long teaching to his devotees on Bodhicitta at Siliguri's Sed-Gyued Monastery.

Bodhicitta

Yogmaya Temple



About Bodhichitta:

- > Bodhicitta is translated as "awakening mind" or "thought of enlightenment".
- It serves as a pivotal principle deeply interwoven into the **teachings of Mahayana Buddhism**, guiding practitioners on the compassionate path of altruism and selflessness.
- It is the commitment to embark on a path of awakening and be a bodhisattva, one dedicated to the liberation of all beings.
- There are two types of bodhicitta: Conventional and Ultimate.
- Conventional bodhicitta is a mind that wishes to free beings from suffering and bring them to the state of enlightenment.
- Ultimate bodhicitta is a mind that has realized emptiness.

Face to Face Centres





Current affairs summary for prelims

18 December, 2023

Surat Diamond Bourse



Recently, the Prime Minister of India inaugurated Surat Diamond Bourse in Gujarat.

About Surat Diamond Bourse:

- The Surat Diamond Bourse (SDB) is a large-scale project in Surat, Gujarat, India.
- It is the world's largest corporate office hub, with over 67 lakh square feet of floor area.
- It is also a global center for trading rough and polished diamonds and jewelry.
- It is spread across 35.54 acres and has 4,500 offices for national and international traders.
- > It also includes a customs clearance house for import and export, a jewelry mall and facilities for international banking and safe vaults.
- It was built to expand and consolidate the diamond trading business from Mumbai to Surat.
- The overall structure of the complex was completed in May 2022, and the overall construction was finished on July 26, 2023.
- On August 22, 2023, Guinness World Records officially declared it the world's largest office building, surpassing The Pentagon.
- It received the prestigious platinum rating from the Indian Green Building Council (IGBC) for its environmentally sustainable practices and design.

Place in News

Bhutan

Recenlty, Bhutan plans to build a massive "international city" in an area of over 1,000sq. km on its border with Assam.

Bhutan (Capital: Thimphu)

Location: Bhutan, a landlocked country of south-central Asia, located on the eastern ridges of the Himalayas.

Political Boundaries: Bhutan shares its border with **China** to the north and **India** to the south, east and west.

Physical Features:

- Mount Jomolhari and Gangkhar Puensum are prominent peaks in Bhutan.
- Lush valleys carved by rivers like the Paro and Punakha Valleys.
- Rivers like the Drangme Chhu, Sankosh, and Manas River flow through Bhutan.



Personality in News

Guru Teg Bahadur

Guru Teg Bahadur (1621-1675)

Guru Tegh Bahadur was the ninth of ten Sikh Gurus.

- He was a great **teacher**, and a **renowned fighter**, thinker and poet.
- His birth name was Tyag Mal, which means "master of renunciation".
- He stood against the forced conversions of Kashmiri Pandits and non-Muslims to Islam, displaying resistance against religious oppression.
- His writings, consisting of about **116 poetic hymns**, are preserved in the sacred text **'Guru Granth Sahib**.'
- He founded the town of **Chak-Nanki in Punjab** during one of his missions, later becoming part of **Anandpur Sahib.**

Recently, Prime Minister of India paid homage to Sikh Guru Teg Bahadur, commemorating his martyrdom.

- He publicly beheaded in 1675 by emperor Aurangzeb in Delhi for refusing to convert to Islam.
- > He earned the name "Teg Bahadur" (Mighty of The Sword) from Guru Hargobind due to his valor in battling the Mughals.
- Gurudwara Sis Ganj Sahib marks the site of his execution.
- Gurdwara Rakab Ganj Sahib commemorates the places where his body was cremated.

POINTS TO PONDER

- > What is the name given to the apex predator mosasaur fossil discovered in Japan's Wakayama Prefecture? Wakayama Soryu
- > Where did Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated the largest office space in the world? Surat Diamond Bourse, Gujarat
- > Who was the most recent recipient of the esteemed Nyholm Prize for Education from the Royal Society of Chemistry? Savita Ladage
- ➤ In which country is the Duqm Port located? Oman
- ➤ What is the IUCN status of Indian Tent Turtle? Least Concern

Face to Face Centres



