

Current affairs summary for prelims

# 19 August, 2023

# **Investor Education and Protection Fund**

**Context:** IEPFA and NCAER are partnering for a webinar on "Enhancing Investor Protection in India: Addressing Challenges and Future Steps."

### **Investor Education and Protection Fund**

- **Establishment of IEPF**: It was established under Section 205C of the Companies Act, 1956 through the Companies (Amendment) Act, 1999.
- Unclaimed Funds: Transfers unpaid amounts after 7 years to IEPF.
- Funds Management: Deposited funds managed within India's Consolidated Fund (Article 266).
- Investor Awareness: Funds used to boost awareness and protect investors.
- Disgorged Amounts: IEPF distributes disgorged sums to affected stakeholders based on Court orders.
- > Disgorgement Order: Fraudulent gains lead to repayment with interest to affected investors.
- **IEPF Authority**: Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority established in 2016 under Ministry of Corporate Affairs for fund administration.
- The following categories of amounts that have remained unpaid and unclaimed for a span of seven years from their payment due date are deposited into the Fund:
  - Unpaid dividend amounts in corporate accounts
  - Application funds collected by companies for securities allotment, awaiting refunds
  - Matured deposits held by companies
  - Matured debentures held by companies
  - Contributions from Central Government, State Governments, companies, and institutions to the Fund's purposes
  - Interest or other earnings generated from investments made using the Fund

### **SEBI's Investor Protection and Education Fund**

- > SEBI's Investor Fund: Established to promote investor protection and education.
- Formation: The Investor Protection and Education Fund (IPEF) was created by SEBI.
- **Core Objective**: Safeguarding investor interests and enhancing awareness.
- Funding Sources: IPEF is sustained by unclaimed dividends, investment returns, and penalties.
- **Educational Focus**: The fund supports investor education through workshops and online resources.
- **Protection Role**: IPEF assists affected investors by redistributing disgorged funds from wrongdoers.
- > **SEBI Oversight**: SEBI ensures transparent management of the fund.
- **Empowerment**: IPEF cultivates a knowledgeable and resilient investor community.

# **UDGAM Portal**

**Context:** RBI has launched a centralized web portal called UDGAM (Unclaimed Deposits – Gateway to Access inforMation). It enables the public to search for their unclaimed deposits in multiple banks from one place.

- ➤ RBI's UDGAM Portal: The RBI introduced the UDGAM (Unclaimed Deposits Gateway to Access inforMation) Centralised Web Portal.
- **Public Convenience**: UDGAM is designed for public use, making it simpler to locate unclaimed deposits across multiple banks from one platform.
- **Deposit Management**: The portal assists users in identifying their unclaimed deposits/accounts, allowing them to claim the deposit amount or activate their accounts at respective banks.
- Collaborative Development: The portal is a joint effort of RBI Technology Pvt. Ltd. (ReBIT), Indian Financial Technology & Allied Services (IFTAS), and participating banks.
- Initial Banks: Initially, information on unclaimed deposits from 7 banks will be available: State Bank of India, Punjab National Bank, Central Bank of India, Dhanlaxmi Bank, South Indian Bank, DBS Bank India, and Citibank.
- > Expansion Plans: Access to unclaimed deposit details for more banks will be phased in by October 15, 2023.
- Unclaimed Deposits Definition: Deposits unclaimed for 10 years are termed as unclaimed deposits.
- **Depositor Education and Awareness (DEA) Fund**: Unclaimed deposits are transferred to this fund managed by the Reserve Bank of India.
- ▶ **Unclaimed Deposit Trends**: Unclaimed deposits in public sector banks have risen over 70% from December 2020 to February 2023, more than doubling compared to December 2019.









Current affairs summary for prelims

# 19 August, 2023

# **Gandhinagar Declaration**

**Context:** The WHO South-East Asia Region has pledged to intensify efforts to end tuberculosis by 2030, with member countries adopting the Gandhinagar Declaration.

## WHO South-East Asia Region's Commitment to End Tuberculosis

- **Burden of Disease**: The WHO South-East Asia Region, accounting for nearly half of global TB cases and deaths, has renewed its commitment to expedite efforts to eliminate tuberculosis by 2030.
- ➤ Gandhinagar Declaration: Member countries of the region adopted the Gandhinagar Declaration, signifying their dedication to accelerating TB eradication.

# **Key Points from the Declaration**

- ➤ **High-Level Multisectoral Commission**: The Declaration calls for the creation of high-level multisectoral commissions in each country. These commissions will report to the highest political levels, promoting collaboration among various stakeholders and monitoring progress toward ending TB and other priority diseases.
- > Responsive Health Systems: The commissions are envisioned to strengthen health systems, advancing universal health coverage and health security.
- **Equitable Access to TB Services**: The Declaration emphasizes the adoption and utilization of science and technology for equitable, human rights-based TB services. These services should be accessible to all, transcending social, cultural, and demographic barriers. A primary health care approach is endorsed.
- **Resource Allocation**: To achieve targeted TB service coverage, the Declaration urges the allocation of necessary resources. Addressing social determinants of health is stressed for a comprehensive impact on multiple diseases.
- Continued Prioritization: The Declaration urges WHO to maintain TB as a Flagship Priority Programme, providing leadership, technical assistance, and research-backed innovation.
- > Support from Partners: All partners are called upon to intensify their support to end TB and priority diseases, aligning with UN Sustainable Development Goals target 3.3.

# **Meeting and Adoption**

- The Gandhinagar Declaration was adopted at a two-day meeting held in Gandhinagar, Gujarat, focusing on the progress toward ending TB in the WHO South-East Asia Region.
- The Declaration sets the stage for collaborative, concerted efforts to achieve a TB-free region and contribute to global health goals.

# Tuberculosis

- Infectious Disease: Tuberculosis (TB) is an infectious disease caused by the bacteria Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
- Airborne Transmission: TB spreads through the air when an infected person coughs or sneezes.
- Global Impact: Around 10 million people got sick with TB in 2020, resulting in 1.4 million deaths.
- Drug Resistance: Drug-resistant TB is a growing concern. Multidrug-resistant TB (MDR-TB) and extensively drug-resistant TB (XDR-TB) occur when the bacteria become resistant to standard TB drugs.
- Vulnerable Groups: People with weakened immunity, like those with HIV, are at higher risk.
- Latent TB: Some individuals have latent TB, not active but can develop into active TB.
- **Curable:** TB can be cured with proper treatment, usually antibiotics for six months.
- **Vaccine**: BCG vaccine offers partial protection, especially in children.
- Social and Economic Impact: TB can contribute to poverty and hinder economic growth.

# **News in Between the Lines**

India's first 3D-printed post office is situated in Bengaluru's Cambridge Layout.

Union Minister for Railways, Communications, Electronics, and IT, Ashwini Vaishnaw, virtually inaugurated it from the General Post Office building.

## **Construction and Technology:**

- Done by L&T with IIT Madras assistance, using 3D concrete printing technology.
- Completed in 43 days, ahead of schedule.
- Robotic printer deposited layers of concrete based on design, with quick-hardening, strong bonding concrete.

### Cost and Efficiency:

- Built at Rs 23 lakh. 30-40% cheaper than conventional methods.
- IIT Madras and L&T collaborated, with guidance from Prof Ravindra Gettu.
- Indigenous robotic tech hints at scalability; concrete material has important properties.

**3D Printing:** 3D printing, also known as additive manufacturing, is a revolutionary process of creating three-dimensional objects from a digital model.

# India's first 3D printed Post Office









# Current affairs summary for prelims

# 19 August, 2023

# **Indian Council of Social Science** Research

### About:

Establishment: Founded in 1969 by the Government of India following the recommendation of the Planning Commission.

Objective: To promote and facilitate research in the field of social sciences across India.

Headquarter: New Delhi.

Status: An autonomous organization operating under the aegis of the Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD).

### **Functions:**

- Supports projects, fellowships, surveys, and publications in social sciences.
- Encourages quality research in various disciplines like sociology, economics, political science, etc.
- Facilitates partnerships among Indian and global scholars for advancing social science research.

# National Social Science Documentation Centre (NASSDOC):

- Established in 1970 under ICSSR.
- Central documentation hub, offers resources and services to social science researchers.
- ICSSR's key role in funding, collaborating, sharing knowledge, and building capacity drives social science progress and informs policymaking.

Location: Northeastern part of the Mediterranean Sea, between Greece and Turkey.

Historical Significance: Center of ancient Greek civilization, birthplace of city-states like Athens and Sparta.

Islands: Scattered archipelago with numerous Greek islands, known for cultural heritage.

## **Current Affairs and Challenges:**

- The Aegean Sea has witnessed ongoing migration challenges, with migrants often attempting dangerous sea crossings to reach Europe.
- It has also been a focus area for discussions on regional stability, security and cooperation b etween Greece and

# Aegean Sea

# **Turkey-Greece Aegean Dispute:**

- The dispute centers around the territorial sea breadth, presence of islands and delimitation of continental shelves.
- Greece and Turkey both claim a 6-nautical-mile territorial sea in the Aegean.
- UN Convention on the Law of the Sea 1982 allows extending territorial sea to 12 nm from shore.
- Greece follows UNCLOS and claims a 12-nm territorial sea.
- Turkey hasn't adopted UNCLOS consistently, resulting in differing approaches.

Treaty of Lausanne (1923): Related historical treaty influencing the dispute.

Approval: US grants approval for F-16 fighter jets to be sent to Ukraine from Denmark and the

# Netherlands. Objective:

Strengthen Ukraine's defense against Russian forces.

About F-16 Fighter Jet: Origin: Developed by General Dynamics for USAF. Role: Versatile, used for air superiority, ground attack, and reconnaissance.

Features: Agile, advanced avionics, compact design. Global Usage: Widely used by air forces worldwide.

Weapons: Equipped with air-to-air and air-to-ground weaponry.

About F-16 Fighting Falcon:

Origin: Developed by General Dynamics for the United States Air Force (USAF).

Aircraft Type: Single-engine multirole fighter aircraft.

Global Usage: Employed worldwide for various military roles.











Current affairs summary for prelims

# 19 August, 2023

# Variant BA.2.86 (BA.X)



**Places in News** 

La Brea Tar Pits

Identification: A new variant of the novel coronavirus causing COVID-19.

Monitoring Source: Monitored by WHO and US CDC. Detection: Found in the US, Denmark, and Israel.

Classification: Categorized as Variant Under Monitoring (VUM).

### Importance of Monitoring:

- BA.2.86 has significant mutations.
- Close monitoring crucial for understanding its characteristics and potential impact.
- Surveillance, sequencing and reporting are vital.

# Recent COVID-19 Trends (July 17 - August 13, 2023):

- WHO reported 1.4 million new COVID-19 cases and 2,300 deaths in 28 days.
- 63% increase in cases, 56% decrease in deaths compared to the previous 28 days.

# Global COVID-19 Statistics (As of August 13, 2023):

- Over 769 million cases globally.
- Approximately 6.9 million deaths.

Recently, the late Pleistocene period has drawn interest for the extinction of over three dozen mammal genera, including mammoths, mastodons, bison, and saber-toothed cats. Location: Los Angeles, California, USA (Latitude,

Longitude)

Natural Feature: Pools of sticky tar due to natural asphalt.

### **Fossil Collection:**

World's largest Ice Age fossil collection.

Reflects diverse species and Pleistocene epoch.

### Scientific Role:

- Vital for understanding prehistoric ecosystems.
- Studying animal and plant life in Pleistocene.

## Research Use:

- Paleontologists, archaeologists study ancient life.
- Reveals species, behaviors, and ecological shifts.

### Museum and Exhibits:

- Museum displays fossils, interactive exhibits.
- Offers educational programs.

## **Dennis Dalton**

Dennis Dalton is a notable scholar and academic.

Known for his expertise in political science and philosophy.

# **Contributions:**

- Renowned for his work on political theory, especially Indian political thought.
- Known for his insightful analyses and interpretations of prominent Indian thinkers.

# Notable Work - "Indian Ideas of Freedom":

- Authored "Indian Ideas of Freedom."
- Original edition published in 1982.
- Revised edition (2023) explores how Indian thinkers conceptualized freedom.
- Focuses on thinkers like Vivekananda, Aurobindo, Gandhi, Tagore, Ambedkar, MN Roy, and JP Narayan.

# **Personality in News**



# **POINTS TO PONDER**

- What is the highest point in Lithuania? Mount Juozapinė
- Which River marks the de facto frontline in the south of Ukraine? The Dnipro river
- \* What is the expected touchdown date for the lander on the moon surface? - August 23, 2023
- How long is the mission life of the lander and rover? One lunar day (14 earth days)
- What collaboration did India and Japan agree on in July 2023? Collaboration on semiconductors











