

Current affairs summary for prelims

12 July, 2022

Forest Conservation Rules

Context

The MoEFCC has notified new Forest Conservation Rules 2022 recently. It has repealed and replaced the earlier 2003 Forest Conservation Rules and its amendments in 2004, 2014 and 2017.

Key Highlights

- The 2022 Forest Conservation Rules are to be placed for approval before Parliament for 30 working days in one or more sessions.
- The new rules prescribe timeframes within which different projects must be reviewed by a project screening committee.
- In case the forest land to be diverted in a hilly or mountainous state or a UT that has a forest cover of more than two-thirds of its geographical area, the compensatory afforestation may be taken up in another state or UT which has forest cover less than 20% of its total geographical area.

Relevant Acts

- The Forest Rights Act 2006 recognized and vested all forest rights (whether listed in the law or not), except hunting, in forest-dwellers on all forest lands, including unclassified forests, un-demarcated forests, existing or deemed forests, protected forests, reserved forests, sanctuaries and national parks.
- The Forest (Conservation) Act 1980 prescribes procedures for the orderly approval and handing over of forest land to user agencies for diversion, dereservation and lease for non-forestry purposes.

Old Rules	New Rules
 Forest cannot be diverted unless the rights under the FRA, 2006 (a still-ongoing process) were settled. This included acquiring a gram sabha NOC. 	 The new rules do not mention the earlier requirement of attaining a gram sabha NOC before diverting forest land for a project. They also allow forest rights to be settled after the final approval for forest clearances has been granted by the Centre.
 The Union government was first required to verify the consent of forest-dwelling communities before forest land was approved to be handed over to private projects. 	The onus of settlement of forest rights & rehabilitation of forest dwellers falls upon the state governments.

- environment ministry's regional office or the state would process all proposals to use forest land, depending on the extent of forest area to be diverted.
- The environment ministry would then consider the advice of a committee set up for this purpose and decide on the proposal.
- All activities except few have been delegated to lower bodies for faster clearance.
- · The ones that still need to approach the ministry's advisory committee pertain to:
 - De-reservation
 - Mining involving forest land of more than 5
 - Regularisation of encroachment
 - Violation of the provisions of the Forest Conservation Act.

IS40M

Context

ISRO System for Safe and Sustainable Space Operation and Management (IS4OM) facility was inaugurated at ISRO control centre, Bengaluru.

Key Highlights

- It is conceived to ensure safety and sustainability of outer space while reaping the benefits of its sustainable utilisation for national development.
- It is a multi-domain awareness platform that will bring prompt, accurate and efficient information on on-orbit collision, fragmentation, atmospheric re-entry risk, space based strategic information, hazardous asteroids and space weather forecast.
- As part of it, dedicated labs have been set up for space debris mitigation and remediation, compliance verification of UN or Inter-Agency Space Debris Coordination Committee (IADC) guidelines.

IADC

- It is an international forum of 13 national and international space agencies for the worldwide technical/scientific coordination of activities related to space debris in Earth orbit issues.
- ISRO has been one of its members since 1996.
- It is not part of the United Nations.

Kessler Syndrome

- The ever-growing space object population including that of operational satellites and orbital debris pose a serious threat to the safe and sustainable use of outer space.
- The collisions among larger debris can trigger a selfsustained cascading process of further collisions, known as the Kessler syndrome.
- This could result in a drastic increase in the density of space debris population, rendering inaccessible for future generations.

Space Situational Awareness

- The facility will also aid India in achieving its SSA (Space Situational Awareness).
- SSA activities have many strategic implications such as:
 - Identifying and monitoring other operational spacecraft with close approaches,
 - Having overpass over Indian region,
 - Intentional manoeuvres with suspicious motives
 - Re-entry within the Indian region.









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The Sarfaesi Act of 2002

❖ Context

> Recently, banks have invoked the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (Sarfaesi) Act against telecom infrastructure provider GTL to recover their pending dues.

The Sarfaesi Act

- **About:**
 - It was brought in to guard financial institutions against loan defaulters.
- Features:
 - To recover their bad debts, the banks under this law can take control of securities pledged against the loan, manage or sell them to recover dues without court intervention.
- Applicability: The law is applicable throughout the country and covers all assets, movable or immovable, promised as security to the lender.
- **Need of the Law:**
 - Before the law, banks and other financial institutions were forced to take a lengthy route to recover their bad debts.
 - The lenders would appeal in civil courts or designated tribunals to get hold of 'security interests' to recovery of defaulting loans,
 - It in turn made the recovery slow and added to the growing list of lender's non-performing assets.

Power of Banks Under the Law:

- The Act comes into play if a borrower **defaults** on his or her payments for more than six months.
- The lender then can send a notice to the borrower to clear the dues within 60 days.
- In case that doesn't happen, the financial institution has the right to take possession of the secured assets and sell, transfer or manage them.
- **Appeal:** The defaulter, meanwhile, has a recourse to move an appellate authority set up under the law within 30 days of receiving a notice from the lender.
- According to a 2020 Supreme Court judgement, co-operative banks can also invoke Sarfaesi Act.
- According to the Finance Ministry, the nonbanking financial companies (NBFCs) can initiate recovery in loan default cases more than 20 lakhs Rs.

News in Between the Lines

Bonded Warehouse Scheme



Context

The Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) has revoked the concessions to solar developers under the bonded warehouse scheme in the wake of blatant abuse of the scheme.

Key Highlights

- A custom bonded warehouse is a facility that holds imported, duty payable finished and capital goods in storage.
- · Under the scheme, both Basic custom duty (BCD) and IGST on imports of capital goods are deferred.
- For goods other than capital goods, both BCD & IGST are deferred till they are cleared for domestic consumption.
- In order to avoid payment of BCD of 25% on solar cells and 40% on solar modules, certain developers were declaring entire solar plants as a custom bonded warehouse.

What is Deferred Duty Payment?

- It is a mechanism for delinking duty payment and customs clearance.
- It is based on the principle 'Clear first-Pay later'.
- The aim is to have a seamless wharf to warehouse transit in order to facilitate just-in-time manufacturing.

Digital Nomads

Context

Indonesia has announced "Digital Nomad Visas" for travellers, to attract more

Key Highlights

foreign tourists.

- The announcement has been made to attract more foreign tourists in the wake of the economic impact of COVID-19.
- Digital Nomads are people who work remotely while travelling to different places and spending their earned income in the country they are travelling to.

Face to Face Centres







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IAC Vikrant

- The Digital Nomad Visa would allow **remote workers to stay in Indonesia**, **including Bali, tax-free.**
- The visa will be applicable for five years.
- This would make Indonesia's visa one of the longest digital nomad visas compared to other countries.
- Indonesia aims to bring in over 3.6 million overseas travellers into the country over the next year to explore spiritual retreats as well as the ecotourism of Indonesia.

Other Countries

- **Italy** in March, released a new permit for non-EU nationals, or digital nomads, who can stay in the country for up to 90 days without a visa.
- Antigua and Barbuda offers a digital nomad visa for two years.
- **Barbados** offers a year-long remote working visa which can be extended further.
- Other countries offering nomad visas are Croatia, Costa Rica, Georgia, Hungary, Iceland, Mauritius, Norway, and Spain among many others.

❖ Context

Recently, the Indian Navy's first indigenous aircraft carrier (IAC-1) completed its 4th phase of sea trials successfully.

Key Highlights

- According to an official statement the plan is to deliver the IAC-1 by the end of this month.
- The **commissioning is scheduled** to take place in August to commemorate **75** years of India's independence.

❖ About IAC Vikrant

- Designed by- The Indian Navy's Directorate of Naval Design (DND).
- It is being **built at Cochin Shipyard Limited (CSL**), a public sector shipyard under the Ministry of Shipping.
- The IAC-1, the biggest warship made indigenously, has an **overall length of 263 m and a breadth of 63 m.**
- It is capable of carrying 30 assorted aircraft including combat jets and helicopters.
- The ship would **operate a mix of MiG-29K fighter aircraft** and various helicopters, ranging from the **Kamov-31 Air Early Warning helicopters**, the soon-to-be inducted MH-60R multi-role helicopters and the indigenously developed Advanced Light Helicopter Mk III.

Nord Stream 1



❖ Context

Recently, The Nord Stream 1, Germany's main source of gas from Russia, was shut down on July 11 for 10 days of scheduled maintenance work.

Key Highlights

 There are growing concerns in European countries that Russia would extend the temporary suspension of gas supplies in retaliation against the current sanctions leveled against Moscow.

About Nord Stream 1

- It was inaugurated in November 2011.
- It is a **1,224 km underwater gas pipeline** that runs from Vyborg in northwest Russia to Lubmin in northeastern Germany via the Baltic Sea.
- Majority owned by the Russian energy giant Gazprom.
- The pipeline is the primary route through which its gas enters Germany.
- It transports 55 billion cubic meters of gas a year, of which most goes directly to Germany.
- The rest travels west and southwards through onshore links to other countries and into storage caverns.

Face to Face Centres



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- Germany is Russia's biggest European gas consumer, and most of it comes through the Nord Stream Pipeline.
 - Its share of Russian gas supplies was 55% in 2021, and currently lies at 35%, according to Deutsche Welle.

An Artificial Diet and **Feeding Device for Mosquitoes**



Context

Recently, ICMR - Vector Control Research Centre in Puducherry, has invented four types of artificial diets for feeding mosquitoes that will replace the 'blood diet' with a unique feeder device.

About the Devices

- The two products allow efficient and cost-effective mass-rearing of mosquitoes in laboratories.
- These four diets prepared for female mosquitoes are like a baby formula food.
- They have all the essential nutrients, which are present in the blood.
- These diets would attract hungry female mosquitoes to accept the meal, taste like blood, produce healthy and viable eggs which should hatch like normal eggs, form healthy offspring useful for laboratory research and mass production whenever necessary.
- Significance:
 - Mosquito females require animal or human blood diet to produce eggs.
 - For this, blood has to be obtained from blood banks or live animals.
 - Regular supply of blood from blood banks is not easy.
 - Considering these challenges and huge potential demand, researchers have zeroed in on four artificial diets for feeding.
 - It is important to keep these mosquitoes healthy to investigate basic facets of their biology and to study vector-borne disease and measures to control it.
 - Both the mosquito feeding device and diet compositions are great achievements and need of the hour for vector research.

Make in India, Make for the World' The remarkable rise in Defence export value Almost eightfold increase in the export value 12,000 1,500

India's Defense Exports

Daily Current Affairs Daily Pre PARE Daily MCQ Quiz

Context

> India's defense exports recorded nearly a six-fold increase between 2017 and 2021, according to defense ministry data.

Key Highlights

- It shot up from ₹1,520 crore to ₹8,435 crore during that period.
- The private sector accounted for 70% of the exports, while public sector firms accounted for the rest.
- India has imposed a phased import ban on 310 different weapons and systems during the last two years.
 - These weapons and platforms will be indigenised in phases over the next five to six years.

Exported Items:

Military hardware being exported by India include missiles, the advanced light helicopter, offshore patrol vessels, personal protective gear, surveillance systems and a variety of radars.

Partners:

The US was a major buyer of India's defense exports. Other countries were from Southeast Asia, West Asia, and Africa.

Recent Major Deals:

- In January 2022, India's BrahMos Aerospace and the Philippines signed a deal worth almost \$375 million.
- In December 2020, the Union Cabinet gave its go-ahead to the sale of Akash missile systems to friendly foreign countries.
- It also created a high-powered panel for swifter approvals to export of military hardware.
- India has set a target of clocking defense exports worth \$5 billion by 2024.

